



# FREDERICK C. WEBSTER

- **Lawyer, City Attorney, Judge, Mayor**
- **Born.** October 17, 1850 in Litchfield, Connecticut.
- **Married.** Anna C. Bye on June 1, 1889. They had four children.
- **Died.** June 14, 1927 in Missoula, Montana.
- **Educated.** Frederick ‘received the rudiments of his education in the superior schools of Litchfield.’ He continued with coursework at General Russell School in New Haven, Connecticut. He then matriculated, or

enrolled, at Yale in 1873. He graduated with a B. A. and then continued in Yale’s legal coursework.

- **1875.** Frederick was admitted to practice law in the courts of Connecticut.
- **1877.** Frederick arrived in Minneapolis, Minnesota. He was an associate in legal practice with Judge Atwater until 1880.
- **1880.** Frederick arrived in Denver, Colorado. While there, he developed an interest in mining at San Juan. He was elected City Attorney in Grand Junction, Colorado.
- **1884.** Frederick arrived in Butte, Montana. He stayed a short time before he continued onto Missoula, Montana. In Missoula, he formed a law partnership with Judge Woody. The firm continued until Judge Woody was elected to the District Bench. For two years after that, Frederick’s associate was Joseph K. Wood.
- **1888-1892.** Judge Webster served as Missoula County Attorney.
- **1897.** Elected as Missoula’s 13<sup>th</sup> Mayor. He resigned in late 1900 prior to the end of his elected term. Andrew Logan was appointed to complete Frederick’s elected term.
- **1900.** Frederick was elected Judge of the Fourth Judicial District. He remained on the bench for twelve years.
- **1912.** After he retired from the courts, he was elected a second time as Missoula County Attorney.
- **1917.** Frederick was appointed the Treasurer of the Bitterroot Valley Irrigation Company.
- **Republican.** Frederick was a staunch Republican. In local, state and national affairs he was at all times a prominent factor in his party's movements.



Location: Grave 7, Lot 11, Block 68



*1896. The 25<sup>th</sup> Infantry U.S. Army Bicycle Corps stationed at Fort Missoula, Montana set out across the country on their bicycles. Lieutenant Moss led the company of black soldiers. The infantry was charged with justifying the ‘iron two-wheeled alternative to horses’ for transportation. The 25<sup>th</sup> Infantry gained fame after they successfully completed a 1,900 mile trip from Missoula, Montana to St. Louis, Missouri. They were nicknamed the Buffalo Soldiers.*